



Professional Development
Service for Teachers

An tSeirbhís um Fhorbairt
Ghairmiúil do Mhúinteoirí

www.pdst.ie



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Numeracy in the DEIS Context

*Planning and developing a
whole school approach to
numeracy in the context of a
JCSP school*

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Fergal Lyons
Hazel Gannon*

Overview of the Day

Session 1 10:00 – 11.00	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Overview of JCSP and DEIS • DEIS Planning
11.00 – 11.15	Coffee 
Session 2 11.15 – 13.00	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Sharing our Practice • Methodologies to Support Numeracy
13.00 – 14.00	Lunch 
Session 3 14.00 – 3:30	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • SSE Updates • Devising a DEIS Numeracy Plan • Close and Evaluation

Introductions?



Learning Intentions

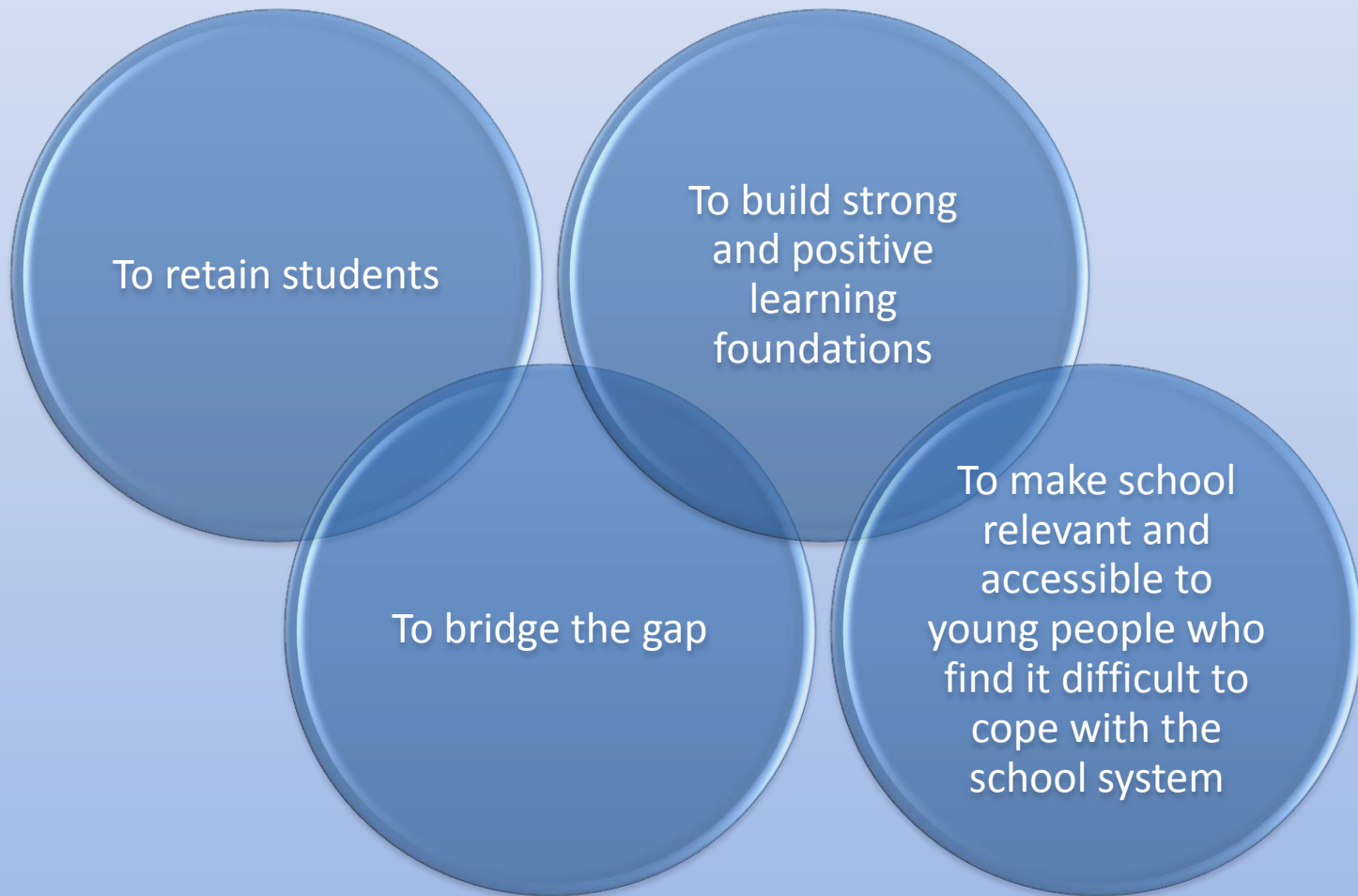


- To provide an overview of DEIS planning
- To understand how JCSP can support your DEIS planning for numeracy
- To explore strategies/methodologies that will support numeracy development
- To understand the requirements of DEIS in the context of SSE

What is JCSP?

JCSP is a social inclusion programme that is aimed at students who are identified as being at risk of being socially or academically isolated or at risk of early school leaving before the Junior Certificate has been achieved

Aims of JCSP



The JCSP Framework

- Builds confidence and self esteem
- Promotes inclusion
- Celebrates success
- Supports student engagement in learning
- Promotes active learning methodologies
- Supports differentiation



JCSP targets improvement in all identified areas of need . . .

Literacy

Numeracy

Attendance

Behaviour

Communication
Skills

Home

Social Skills

Self-esteem

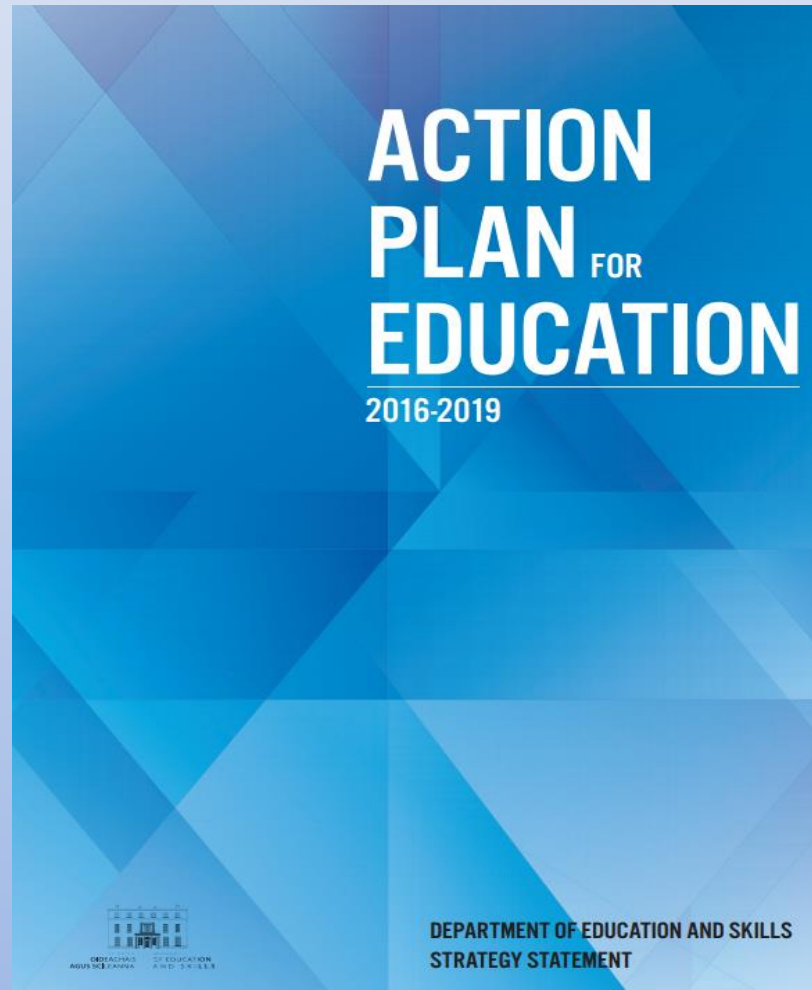
Attainment

What is DEIS?

“Delivering Equality of Opportunity in Schools” (2005)

- ✓ DEIS is aimed at addressing the needs of children and young people from disadvantaged communities
- ✓ 194 Post Primary Schools
- ✓ 680 Primary Schools
- ✓ Educational measures and social measures

Action Plan for Education 2016-2019



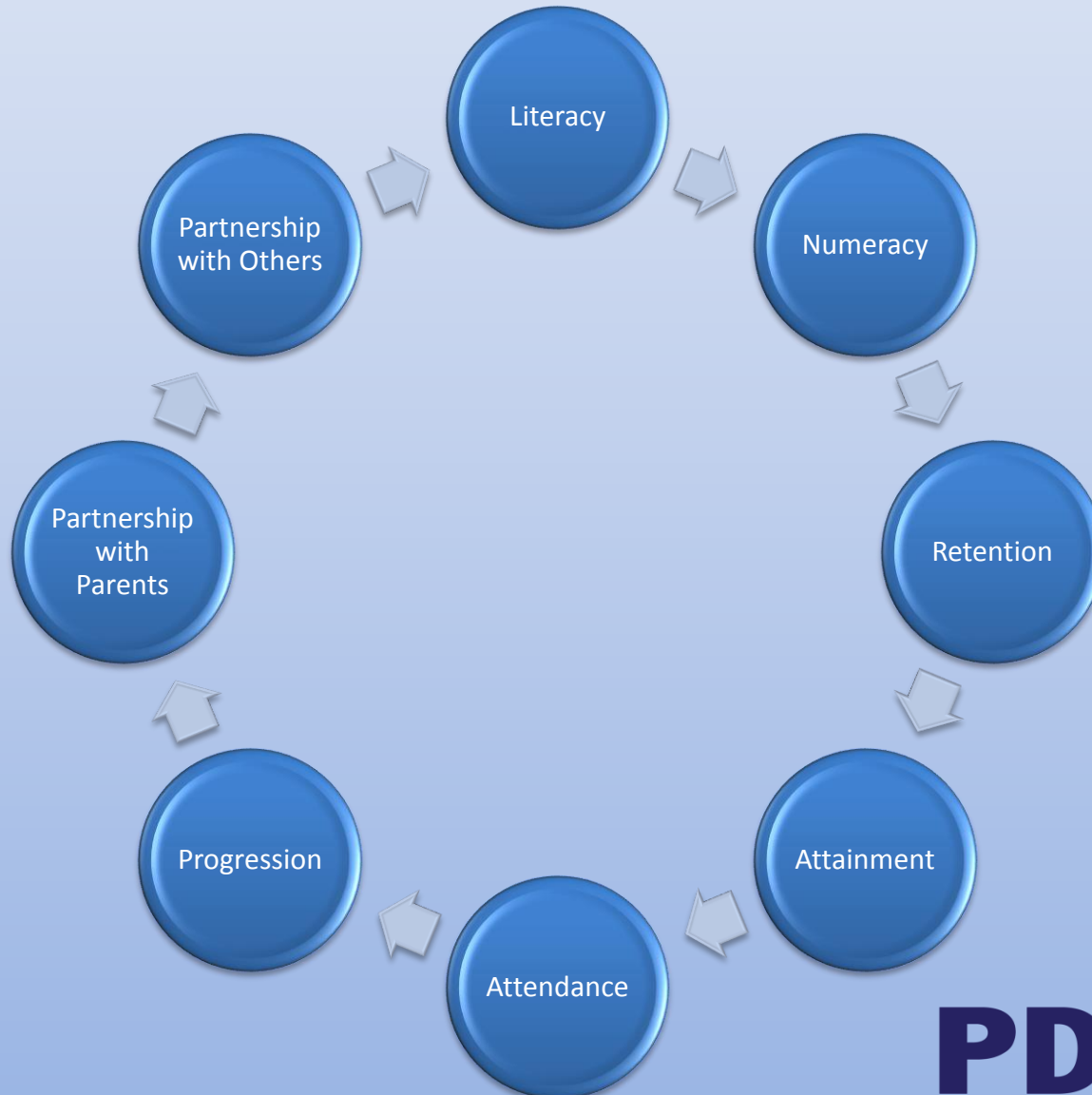
5 Goals

1. Improve the learning experience and the success of learners
2. Improve the progress of learners at risk of educational disadvantage or learners with special educational needs
3. Help those delivering education services to continuously improve
4. Build stronger bridges between education and the wider community
5. Improve national planning and support services

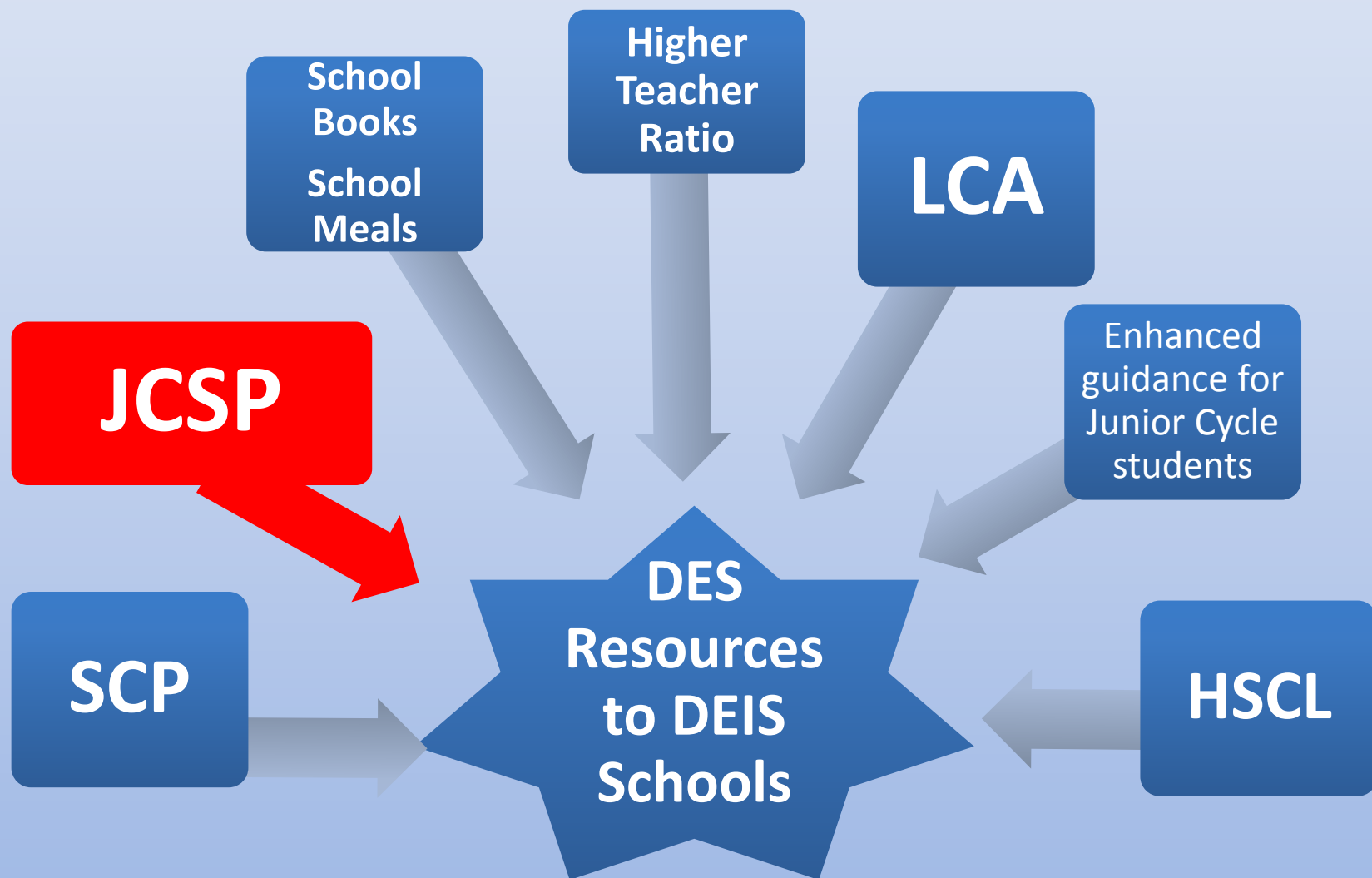
Goal 2: Improve the progress of learners at risk of educational disadvantage or learners with special educational needs

- DEIS is currently under review and seeking to incorporate best practice into a new programme
- Retention – proportion has grown from 68.2% ten years ago to 82.7% for those students who began second-level in 2009 (non DEIS is 92%)
- Literacy and numeracy outcomes have improved in DEIS schools, however, achievement data shows that outcomes are below the national norm

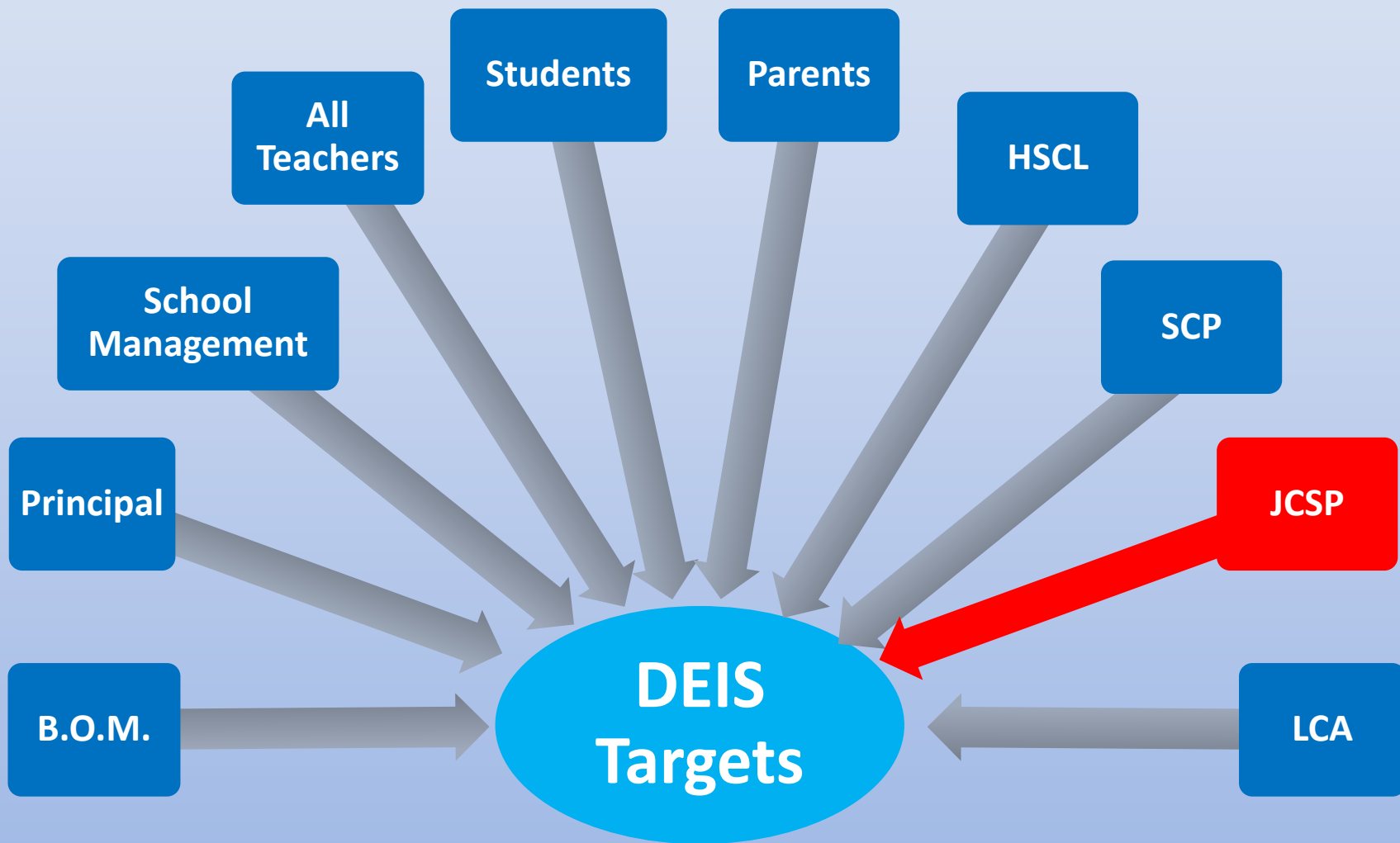
8 Areas of DEIS



Student Needs Supported By . . .



Working Together to Support Students



DEIS Core Team/Action Plan

Principal/Deputy

BOM

All Teachers

JCSP&LCA

Resource Team

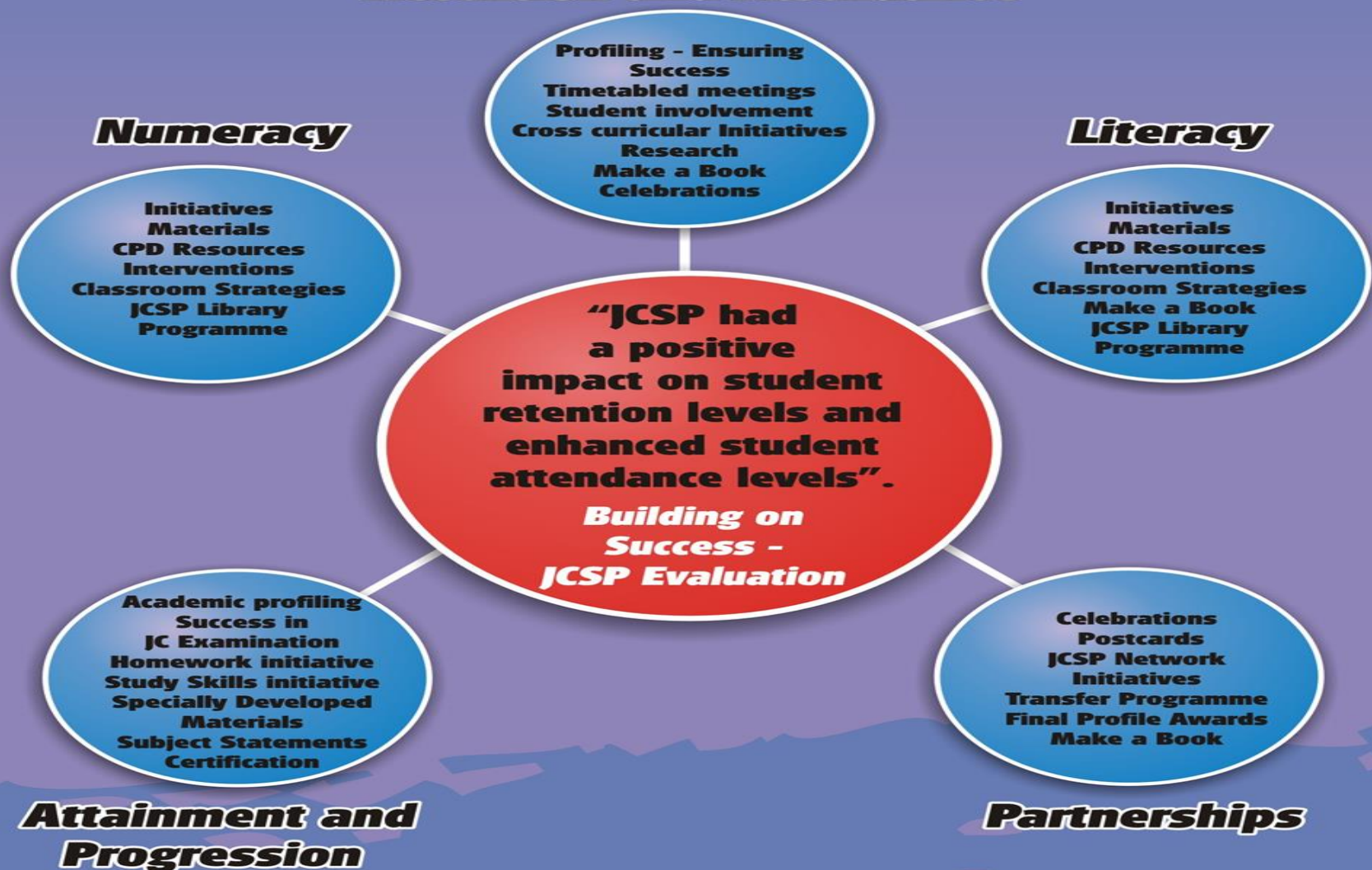
Guidance

HSCL/SCP

Parents

JCSP Building Success in DEIS Schools

Retention and Attendance



Whole School Approach

Accountability and student attainment are crucial in reviewing the DEIS Plan

All staff

need to be aware of DEIS targets and must be included in subject dept planning, have a responsibility to ensure that DEIS targets are met ,

must familiarise themselves with the DEIS initiatives that are run in the school and how effective they are

Working Together in Your School

Successes?



Challenges?



Solutions?

Principals indicating that pupil, family, school and community obstacles to achievement were 'a major problem' for their school

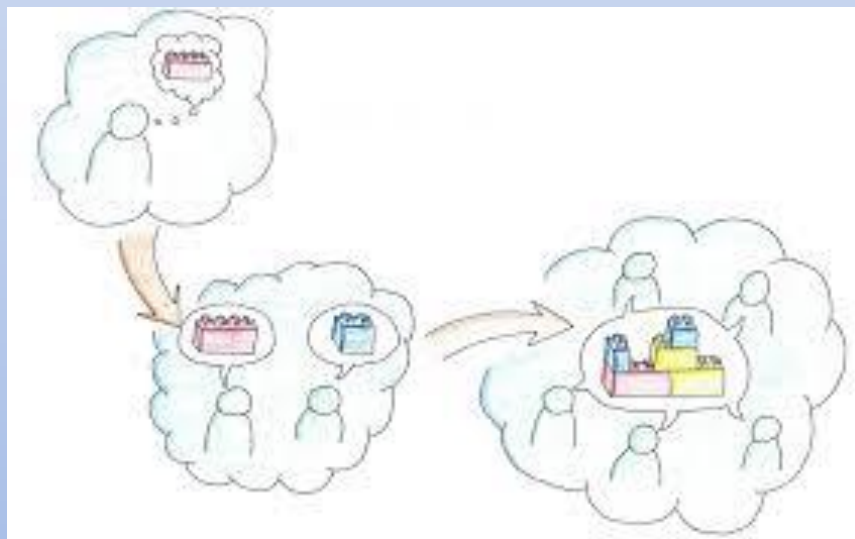
- Poor achievement of incoming pupils – 47.1%
- Unemployment in the community – 85.7%
- Lack of parental involvement – 58%
- Emotional and behavioural problems – 56.5%
- Ongoing pupil absenteeism – 28.7%
- Affects of dysfunction among pupils families – 51.1%

A REPORT ON THE EVALUATION OF DEIS AT SECOND LEVEL

ERC 2014

Think . . . Pair . . . Share . . .

What does disadvantage in terms of numeracy development mean?



DEIS Evaluations 2013 – Inspectorates Findings Numeracy

34% had good target setting practices

27% had good practice in the implementation of strategies

18% had good practice in the measurement of the impact and progress of strategies

In all areas weaknesses significantly outweighed strengths.

1 in 8 students were unsure of their progress in maths

Major “misapprehension that needs to be checked and corrected is the over – identification of numeracy with mathematics as a subject”

Positives . . .

Clear target setting relating to increasing by specific percentage, the number of students taking mathematics at ordinary instead of foundation level. Schools were commended for supporting this target through more flexible teacher deployment and class formation.

Efforts to extend numeracy beyond the “maths space” were noted with good practices being in place in the efforts to create a numeracy rich environment

Where good practice was observed it reflected strategic use of available data

Areas for Improvement . . .

Found the problem is
“too little done”
rather than “the
wrong things done”
and the development
of numeracy skills
need to have a higher
profile

Broad approach to
the development of
numeracy is needed

DEIS Planning . . .



Numeracy Data – what to gather

Primary Transfer Data

Sten scores Lit & Num

English



Post Primary Entrance Test

CAT Verbal

Standardised Tests
Numeracy

Maths Competency Test



Qualitative Data/ on transfer

HSCL

SCP

SEN

NBSS



Attitudinal Data

Literacy

Student
engagement

Parental voice

Student voice



Teaching & Learning

Attainment in State
Exams

Student Engagement in
Learning

Teaching Approaches

Skills Analysis From Primary Report

Maths

- Understanding and Recalling
- Using Procedures
- Reasoning and Problem Solving
- Explaining and Communicating

English

- Listening Comprehension
- Oral Expression
- Reading
- Written Expression

Everyone's Voice Matters

Who



How



Make Haste Slowly . . .

- **Take time** to draw conclusions about evidence gathered
- **Take time** to see how the evidence gathered fits against the **Teaching and Learning Quality Framework**
- **Benchmark** – to gauge how your school's teaching and learning fits against measures of best practice
- **Based on results** identify areas of improvement
- Write targets and actions
- **All targets in your DEIS plan focus on learner outcomes and classroom practices**

Analysing the Evidence

- How have you analysed data in the past?
- Who has traditionally carried out this work?
- What would you change going forward?



Target Setting

- There must be a rationale for all targets set
 - targets can't be set in a vacuum must be based on analysis of Baseline Data . This data should be triangulated if possible
- SMART Targets
- Separate Targets and Actions



Formula & Language of Targets

Verb

Thing
affected

From
(baseline)

Level
intended

By (date)

To increase

To raise

To expand

To meet

To
decrease

To reduce

To cut

To complete

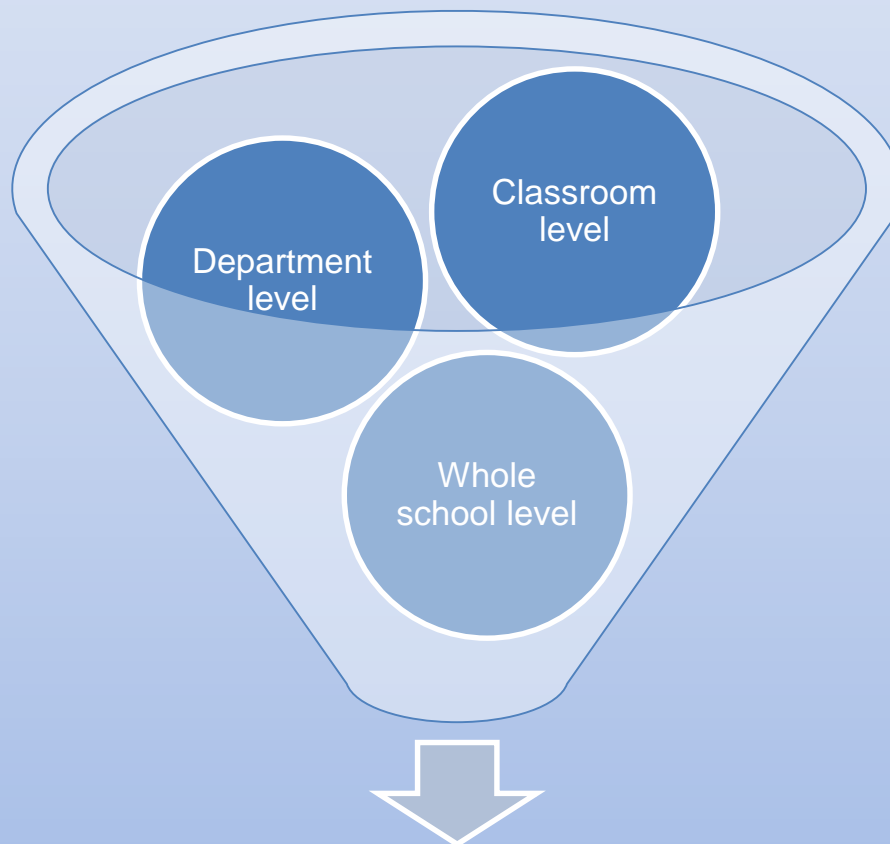
An example

To increase the percentage of pupils taking higher level
from 60% (**baseline**) to 65% (**level intended**) by the end of year 1
end of year 2 and 75% by the end of year 3.

(**thing affected**)
70% by the

TARGETS NEED TO REFLECT A SCHOOLS INTENTION TO IMPROVE ON ITS PREVIOUS BEST

Create Actions



Improvement in Student
Numeracy outcomes

Why Monitor?

What do we monitor?



Schools Should Decide . . .

- What will be monitored?
- Who is responsible?
- How will progress be determined and reported?
- When and to whom progress will be reported?
- If targets and actions are realistic or need to be changed

Looking At Action Planning for Improvement In DEIS Post Primary Schools 2015 (Numeracy)

School Doing Well:

- Selecting whole school interventions and using resources to extend numerical understanding
- Selecting whole school approaches to teaching and learning to support development of students' numeracy skills

Schools to do Better:

- Sharpen literacy and numeracy focus in subject planning
- Use of active learning methodologies
- Use of AFL strategies
- Address implementation gap
- Set SMART targets

NB

Collaborative planning

Strong support from management

Improved co-ordination systems

Reflection



Is DEIS planning on the agenda?

Where are we currently with numeracy?

Is there a whole school approach to numeracy development?

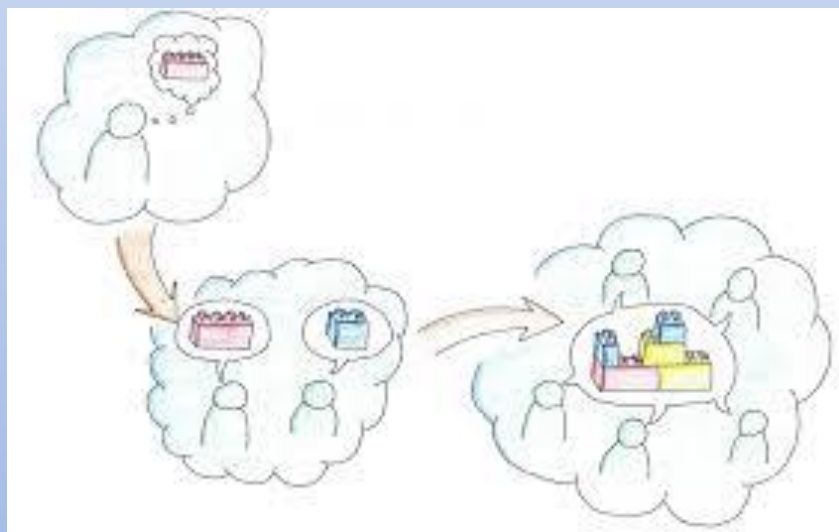
Are numeracy targets in place?

Are numeracy strategies being monitored?

What have we found out?

Think . . . Pair . . . Share . . .

What numeracy strategies/activities/initiatives are working well in your school?



Popular Numeracy Initiative Examples

Paired Maths

Maths
Laboratory

Maths Games

Flashmaster
Maths /
Gaming Devices

General
Numeracy

Number
Millionaire

DEAS



Any Questions?



Coffee!

Pause



Sharing of Practice

Eadaoin Quinn

Lorraine Counihane

Louise Kenny



How do we choose which area of numeracy to focus on?



Active Learning Methodologies to Support Whole School Numeracy Development . . .



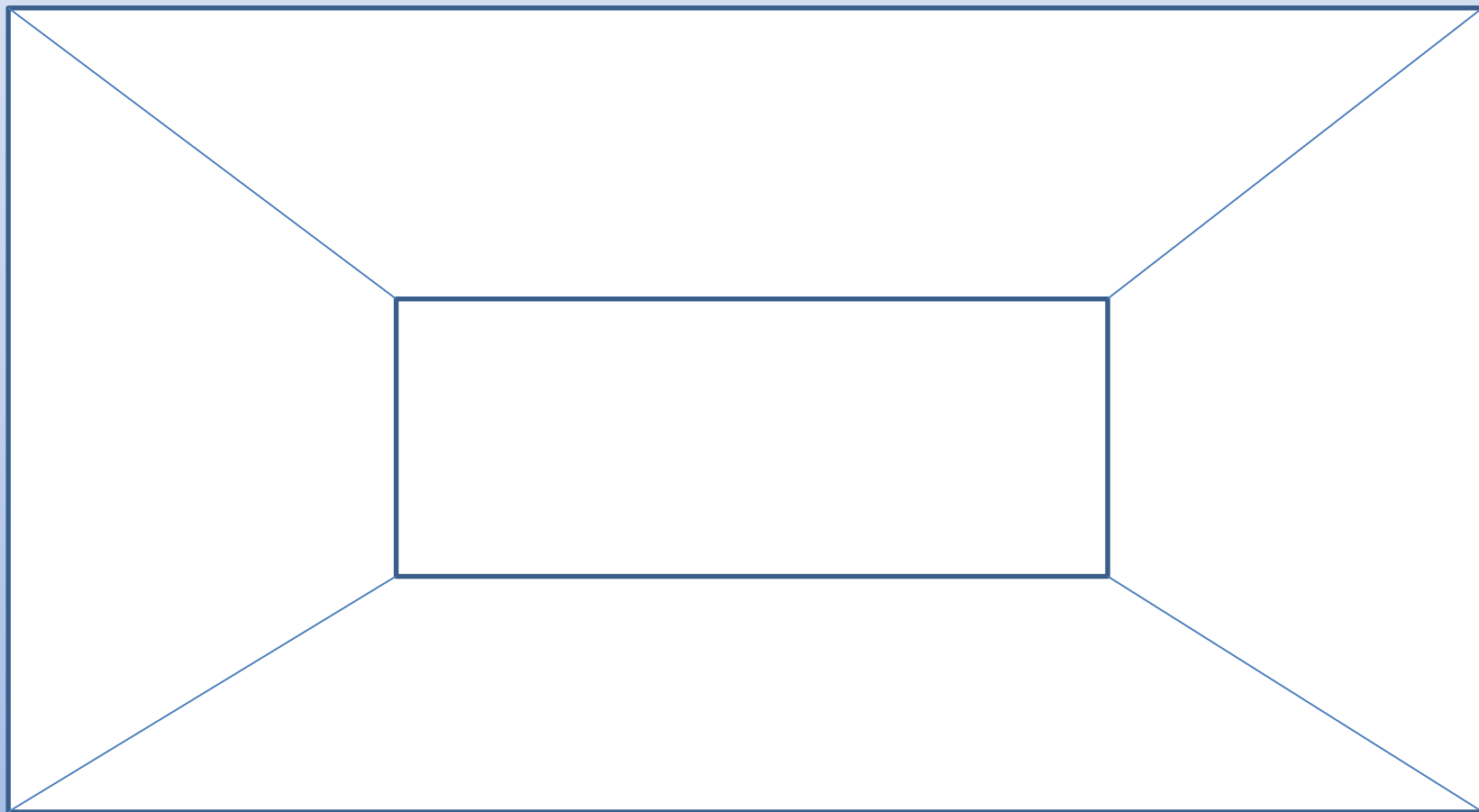
Placemat

Use sentence starters like:
We thought, We agreed, We
feel, Our ideas were.....

Share as a group
and write the
ideas that are
common/ you all
agree on in this
middle section

**Common
Elements**

Group Activity: Place Mat



Four Step Review: Place Mat

- Useful for correction of homework or tests
- Also good for review of a new topic
- Method:
 1. Students write the answer individually
 2. The group members agree on a answer
 3. The teacher gives the answers
 4. Groups check how they did

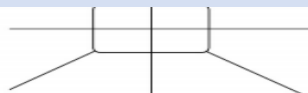
Graphic Organisers

- Visual method of organising and summarising information
- High quality teaching and learning methodology for mixed ability classrooms
- Supports learning styles or intelligences
- May be used for:
 - Pre-teaching/introduce a topic
 - Teaching a topic
 - Assessment for learning
 - Studying
 - Revision of a topic

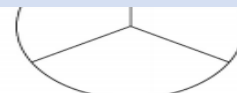
Graphic Organisers



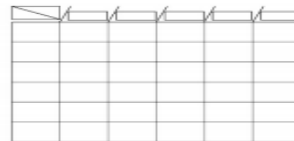
Ranking Ladder



Four Corner Organizer



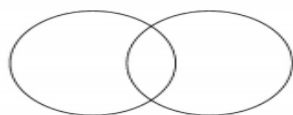
Brain Droplets



Cross Classification Chart

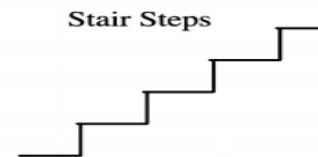
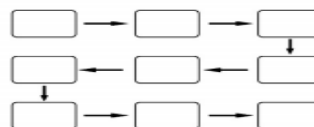


Funnel



Double Venn

Sequence Chart



Stair Steps

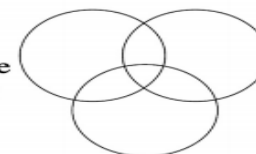


Fish Bone

Chain of linked events



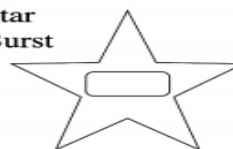
Triple Venn



Research Grid

Q1 Answer	Q2 Answer
Q3 Answer	Q4 Answer
Q5 Answer	Q6 Answer

Star Burst



Reflecting On My Learning Poster

REFLECTING ON MY LEARNING

Today I worked really well at...

The most important thing I learned was...

One thing I didn't really understand was...

One new thing I learned was...

One thing I could do to improve my work is...

For my work today I would give myself the following comment...

What helped me understand was...

Today I made a positive contribution to my group by...

This week I worked really well at...

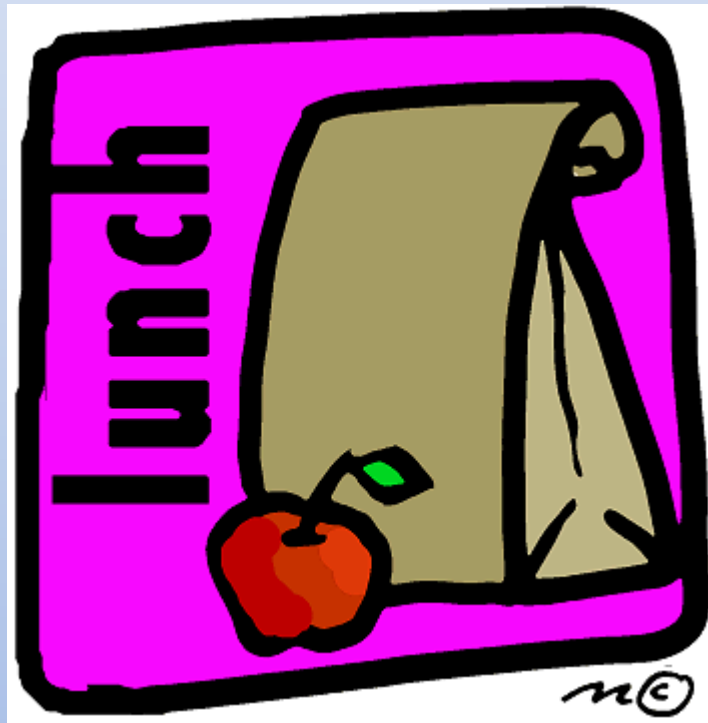
Bloom's Taxonomy in Practice

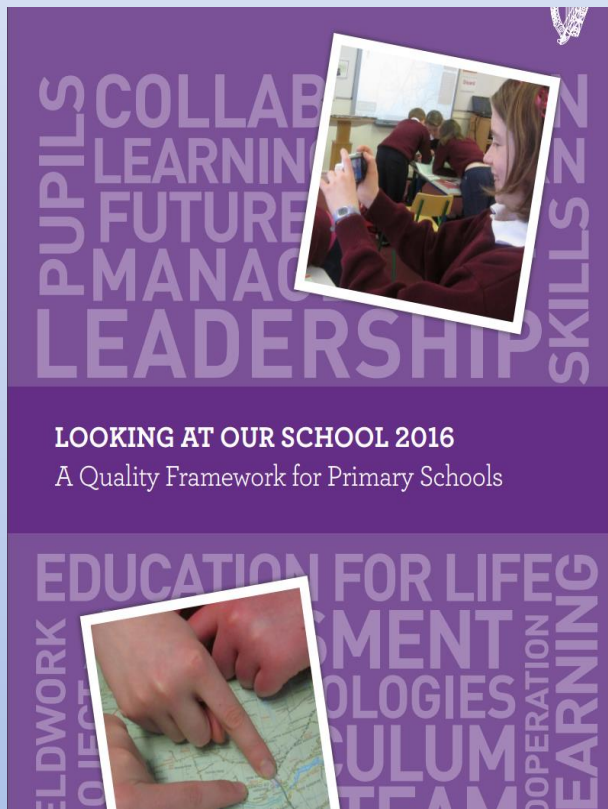
1. Knowledge	2. Comprehension	3. Application
Identify	Explain	Apply
Name/label	Interpret	Calculate/solve
Define	Predict	Choose/select
Describe	Compare	Determine
Match	Contrast	Illustrate
Recite	Characterise	Organise
State (5w's)	Conclude	Present

Bloom's Taxonomy in Practice

4. Analysis	5. Synthesis	6. Evaluation
Analyse	Imagine	Consider
Distinguish	Create/compose	Debate
Explain	Compile	Critique
Observe	Judge	Determine
Compare/contrast	Elaborate	Evaluate
Investigate	Formulate	Recommend
Observe	Integrate	Support/prove

Lunch!





Quality framework and SSE 2016-2020

Circular 0040/2016

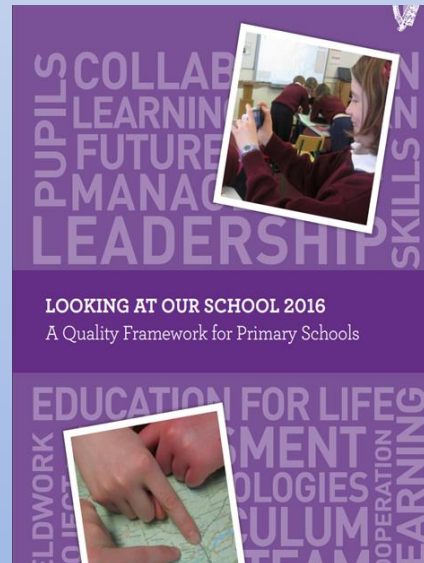
The 6-Step Process



Looking at Our School 2016

A quality framework for schools

A set of standards for schools



Quality Framework:

- Has **two** dimensions
 - Teaching and Learning (focus 2016-2020)
 - Leadership and Management
- Each dimension is subdivided into domains....

Each Dimension has Four Domains

- Teaching and Learning

1. Learner Outcomes
2. Learner Experiences
3. Teacher's individual practice
4. Teacher's Collegial/ Collaborative Practice

- Leadership and Management

1. Leading Learning and Teaching
2. Managing the Organisation
3. Leading School Development
4. Developing Leadership Capacity

Domain and Standards

Learner Outcomes

- Attitudes to learning
- Understanding of themselves and others
- Acquisition of curriculum knowledge & skills
- Levels of attainment

Learner Experiences

- Levels of engagement as learners
- Growth as learners
- Self-reflection & ownership as learners
- Development as lifelong learners

Teacher's Individual Practice

- Teacher's knowledge and skills
- Use of practice that progress students learning
- Use of appropriate teaching approaches
- Responsiveness to individual learning needs

Teacher's Collective/Collaborative Practice

- Teacher's professional development and collaboration
- Co-operation to extend student's learning opportunities
- Collective use of assessment practices
- Sharing of expertise to build capacity

Step 1

- Identify the Focus (3)

Step 2: Gather Evidence (4 and 5)

1. Assessment data and student's progress
2. Teacher's views and records – evidence
3. Voice and opinions of students and parents
4. Professional reflection, professional collaboration and dialogue between teachers – effective means of gathering evidence

Step 3: Analyse and Make Judgements (4)

- Evaluate effectiveness of current practice (p.15-21)
 - “statements of effective practice”and
 - “statements of highly effective practice”

Schools build on existing strengths and work towards excellence

Step 4: Write and Share

Report and Improvement Plan (6)

Single document (3 pages) – report and improvement plan (once annually)

- **Report** – account of progress, new aspect of T & L chosen for SSE and priority areas
- **IP** – targets, actions, who will undertake actions, who will monitor, how parents can help, timeframe for achievement

Share summary of both with whole school community
Template on www.schoolself-evaluation.ie

Step 5: Put Improvement Plan into Action

- Key step in process
- When the actions in the improvement plan are implemented the work of the school can improve
- Actions become part of the normal T&L process

Ownership of Actions

- Teacher
- Subject Department
- Whole School level

Step 6: Monitor Actions and Evaluate Impact

- Schools will need to decide:
 1. How monitoring will occur?
 2. Who is responsible for monitoring?
 3. How progress will be determined and reported?
 4. When and to whom progress will be reported?
 5. If targets and actions are realistic or need to be changed ?

Step 6 Continued

- To evaluate, monitoring must of taken place
- Leads to a number of questions:
 1. Has practice changed in the classrooms?
 2. What are teacher's experiences of the agreed changes?
 3. What are students experiences of the agreed changes?

Standards and statements of quality

Standards	Statements of effective practice	Statements of highly effective practice
Students engage purposefully in meaningful learning activities	<p>Students demonstrate high levels of interest and participation in learning.</p> <p>They are able to work both independently and collaboratively in a purposeful manner.</p> <p>They understand and can explain the purpose of the learning tasks they are engaged in.</p> <p>They are able to report on, present, and explain the process and outcome of learning activities to a competent level.</p>	<p>Students demonstrate very high levels of interest and participation in learning.</p> <p>They are able to work both independently and collaboratively in a very purposeful and productive manner.</p> <p>They understand and can explain the purpose of the learning tasks they are engaged in, and can extend and develop the activity meaningfully.</p> <p>They are able to report on, present, and explain the process and outcome of learning activities to a highly competent level.</p>

SSE Circulars: Key issues addressed

- Avoid duplication: SSE and school development planning are NOT different processes
- School self-evaluation contributes to the process of school development planning
- **SSE incorporates DEIS action planning – in a DEIS school the School Improvement plan is the DEIS action plan**
- Special schools also engage in SSE with topics and issues of relevance to teaching and learning in their context

SSE Circulars: Key issues addressed

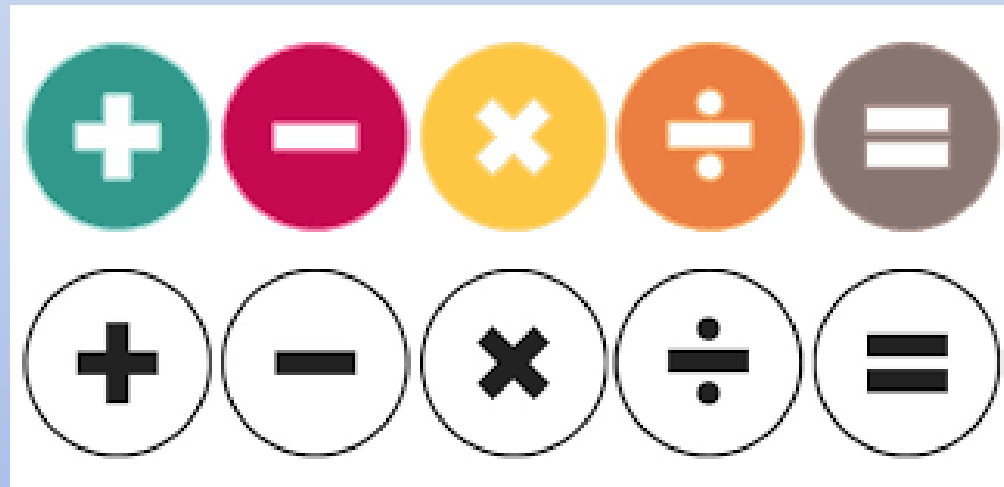
- No required subjects or curricular areas
- Each school to focus on between two and four areas/aspects of teaching and learning within their own context and that the school believes require improvement over the next four years
- While school is free to choose any issues within teaching and learning for SSE, it is suggested that SSE should be used to implement curricular changes
 - e.g. Junior Cycle implementation

SSE Circulars: Key issues addressed

- Maintain focus on teaching and learning
- Want to embed the practice of schools reflecting upon and improving their teaching and learning
- Build on what they have done in literacy and numeracy in the first cycle of SSE

Activity

- Use the data given to formulate a draft DEIS plan for numeracy . . .



Where to next?



Useful websites

- www.jcsp.ie
- www.pdst.ie (numeracy)
- www.schoolself-evaluation.ie
- www.juniorcycle.ie



Junior Certificate School Programme

Supporting Teaching and Learning
Thank You